

THE DAILY GAZETTE.
Published every evening, except Sundays, by
THE GAZETTE PRINTING COMPANY
TERMS:
One year, delivered in city by carrier, \$3.00
Three months, if paid in advance, \$1.00
One year by mail, in advance, \$3.00
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JOB PRINTING,
Book, and every description of Commercial and
Law Printing, in the best manner at Gazette Job
Rooms.

The Republican Ticket

CONGRESSIONAL
First District—
CHAS. G. WILLIAMS, of Rock.
Second District—
L. B. CASWELL, of Jefferson.
Third District—
GEO. C. HAZELTON, of Grant.
Fourth District—
L. F. FRISBY, of Washington.
Fifth District—
HIRSH SMITH, of Sheboygan.
Sixth District—
J. V. JONES, of Winnebago.
Seventh District—
H. L. HUMPHREY, of St. Croix.
Eighth District—
THAD. C. FOUNT, of Chippewa.

SENATORIAL

For State Senator—Seventeenth District—
HAMILTON RICHARDSON,
of Janesville.

ASSEMBLY

First District—
J. J. BURDGE, of Newark.
Third District—
WILLIAM GARDNER, of Bradford.

COUNTY TICKET

For Sheriff—
JOHN J. COMSTOCK, of Janesville.
For Register of Deeds—
CHARLES L. VALENTINE,
of Janesville.
For County Treasurer—
WILLIS MILES, Town of Janesville.
For County Clerk—
SYLVESTER MORGAN, of Lima.
For County Attorney—
JOHN W. SALES, of Janesville.
For Clerk of the Court—
A. W. BALDWIN, of Milton.
For Coroner—
EDWARD RUGER, of Janesville.
For Coroner—
WILLIAM TAYLOR, of Fulton.

FACTS FOR THE PEOPLE.

There are certain classes of people who are chronic growers. They believe the country is going to the dogs, and they won't believe anything else. For the encouragement of such, it is possible to give them encouragement, we print here with a brief table of the exports of the United States of farm produce only, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1878, as compared with the corresponding period in 1873.

	1873.	1878.
Wheat, bu.	33,401,961	33,401,961
Barley, bu.	2,541,988	2,541,988
Oats, bu.	7,472,473	7,472,473
Rye, bu.	1,821,430	1,821,430
Flour, bbls.	2,602,086	2,602,086
Beef, bbls.	31,605,199	31,605,199
Pork, bbls.	4,518,544	4,518,544
Butter, lbs.	30,966,549	30,966,549
Cheese, lbs.	30,534,267	30,534,267
Lard, lbs.	64,147,461	64,147,461
Sugar, refined, lbs.	9,570,738	9,570,738
Tobacco, lbs.	13,995,176	13,995,176

These figures cannot be. It is not possible for them to be so far as our exports and imports are concerned. This table positively shows one thing and strongly indicates another. It shows that the balance of trade—a very important factor in deciding our national prosperity—is in favor of the United States, and that there has been an enormous increase since 1873. If times were growing worse, if the currency as well as individuals, is growing poorer, the balance of trade would not be 554 millions of dollars in our favor during the past three years. The table strongly indicates that the country is returning to prosperity again. We are selling more than we buy—which is exceedingly hopeful. When a farmer or a mechanic sells more than he buys, we say he is on the right side of trade, that trade is in his favor, and that he is successful. So, when a country is doing the same thing, when the balance of trade is hundreds of millions of dollars in its favor in the course of three years, we have every reason to hope, and can not but believe, that the country is growing richer and not poorer.

Trade is looking up; manufacturing is better; commerce is rapidly reviving, and the signs can not but give hope to those who need hope, and greater confidence to those who are already hopeful. The change from a panic to prosperity, can not be made in a month nor in a year. Some times, and very frequently, in fact, the change is a slow one. A thousand different interests and agencies must be set to work to bring about what the people so much desire—employment can not be given unless there is something to do, and wages can not increase unless the labor to be done is profitable to those who hire. Men who have money—those whom the inflationists call "capitalists"—with a secure can not and will not invest in labor and machinery, or any enterprise, until the country has a safe and well-defined financial policy. So long as there is any doubt as to the greenbacks being redeemable, so long as the inflationists and Repudiationists—who call themselves Greenbackers—attempt to destroy the purchasing power of a dollar, just so long will the workingman and the mechanic receive low wages and unsteady employment. They should bear this fact in mind: The country does not need more money. It has all it can use profitably, and more, too. What is wanted is more confidence in public faith, and confidence in the unchanging value of our paper currency.

The annual meeting of the Board of Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane, took place at that institution on Wednesday. Officers were elected for the ensuing year as follows: For President, David Atwood; Vice President, R. E. Davis; Treasurer, Andrew Proudt; and Secretary, Levi Alden. The appointment of the several committees was as follows: Executive Committee, David Atwood and Andrew Proudt; Building Committee, Andrew Proudt and J. A. Johnson; Auditing Committee, H. N. Davis, Andrew Proudt and

THE JAMESVILLE GAZETTE.
VOLUME 22 JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1878. NUMBER 191

THE NEWS.

Cool Weather leads the Fever Sufferers to Hope for a Frost.

But there is no Abatement of the Epidemic.

A Bloody Scene at a Republican Mass Meeting in Virginia.

The Interpretation of the Tilden Cipher Dispatches.

A Poison Sensation from Syracuse, New York.

Meeting of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

The Railroad House at Menasha Destroyed by Fire.

Snow and Ice Reported in the Far West.

The Captain and Mate of the Schooner Thompson, Lost in Lake Michigan.

MARKETS.

Special to the Gazette.

FOREIGN.

Marriage of the Duke of Cumberland—The New Complications with Turkey.

Special to the Gazette.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—The marriage of the Duke of Cumberland and Princess Thyra is impending.

A Constantinople dispatch says the encroachments of the Russians increase, and are enlisting and arming the Bulgarians.

Roumelia considers herself at war with Turkey until a compact is concluded.

The Mohammedans of Dobruza will resist the Roumanians with eight thousand rifles.

A Tour of Europe—Hathaway and Reed Make \$50,000 on the Western Trip.

Special to the Gazette.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—It is announced that Rev. Henry Ward Beecher will lecture in Great Britain, next summer, under the auspices of Hattaway and Pond. He will deliver fifty lectures in three months and is to receive twenty-five thousand dollars. It is said the bureau cleared fifty thousand dollars on the recent tour of the far west.

ACCIDENT.

Special to the Gazette.

ST. JOHNS, N. B., Oct. 18.—Last evening Dr. Jack, of the University of New Brunswick, and his eldest daughter, were driving a horse, which suddenly turned and capsized the buggy. The daughter exclaimed "I'm killed dead," when picked up. The Doctor's injuries are supposed to be fatal.

WELCOME.

Special to the Gazette.

NEW ORLEANS, October 18.—There was a light frost last night, but little abatement of the fever.

SNOW AND ICE.

BISMARCK, D. T., Oct. 17.—An inch of snow fell east of Jamestown last night. It is bright and cold here, with ice.

POISONED.

A Whole Family Poisoned in Syracuse.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Oct. 17.—The whole family of John Sullivan, wife and five children, are severe sufferers from poison, probably arsenic. Quarrelsome neighbors are suspected.

POLITICAL.

MADISON, Wis., Oct. 17.—The Hon. B. E. Hutchinson, a prominent business man of this city, was nominated to-day by the Republicans of this (Second District) as a candidate for the Assembly.

CONVICTED.

A Michigan Lawyer Convicted of Forgery.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 17.—Daniel J. McCarthy, a lawyer from Grand Rapids, Michigan, was to-day convicted, before the Municipal Court, of uttering a forged note. The defendant pleaded forcibly, in his own behalf.

HOTEL BURNED.

The Railroad House at Menasha, Destroyed by Fire.

MENASHA, Wis., Oct. 17.—The Railroad House owned and occupied by Bartel Hauser, situated near the Wisconsin Central Railroad Depot, was entirely destroyed together with its contents, this morning at 1:30 o'clock. Total loss about \$2,000. The fire is supposed to have originated from a defective chimney. Mrs. Hauser, wife of the proprietor, had barely time to escape with her life. A falling wall buried J. W. Ladd, Esq., of the firm of C. Ladd & Bro., and injured him seriously, but thought not fatally.

"Parker will sweep the field," says the Janesville Times. Of course he will. Williams will gather the grain, and Parker will be compelled to take the gleanings.

VIRGINIA CHIVALRY.

A Bloody Scene at a Republican Mass Meeting in Virginia.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—A Republican mass meeting was held at Hicksford Court House, Va., fifty miles from Washington, yesterday, and was addressed by United States Marshal Ramsdell, of Virginia. Mr. Ramsdell indulged in some humorous remarks regarding the Democratic party, and a colored man named Trotter shouted with laughter.

William Reese, Chairman of the Democratic County Committee, was present, and ordered Trotter to suppress his laughter. Trotter declined to do so. Reese drew a revolver and shot him through the heart, and the chivalry of Virginia applauded the act as a proper rebuke of insolence. Reese has not yet been arrested.

LOST IN THE LAKE.

The Captain and Mate of the Schooner Thompson Drowned.

RACINE, Oct. 17.—This afternoon the captain of the schooner Sardinia, which arrived in port Wednesday gave the particulars of the drowning of the captain and mate of the schooner Maggie Thompson, which he witnessed, from his vessel, off White Lake Tuesday morning.

The schooner left Racine early Tuesday morning. He left White Lake in company with the schooner Thompson and that he was a little ahead. When out on the lake a short distance he noticed the main boom of the Thompson jibe and knock two men overboard. He immediately brought his vessel about and a small boat went to the rescue, but the men had sunk out of sight and drowned. All he could discover was two hats. The Thompson, from which the two men were lost, was also brought around in the wind and a boat launched with all possible speed, but not in time to rescue the men. The captain inquired who they were and was informed they were the captain and mate of the craft. He then boarded his vessel and proceeded on his voyage, arrived here and gave the above facts.

THE FEVER.

A Cool Rain Leads the Southern Sufferers to Hope for a Frost.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 17.—The weather is partly cloudy and cool, with a light rain this morning. Deaths, 24; cases reported, 128. Total deaths, 3,599; total cases, 12,093.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 17.—Eugene Duval, a brilliant writer of the Mechanic newspaper, in St. John the Baptist, died today of yellow fever. There is no abatement of the fever on the coast.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Oct. 17.—It rained unceasingly from 10 o'clock last night until 3 o'clock this morning when it cooled off and has not gone higher than 65, and if the wind subsides we will surely have a frost to-morrow.

The number of deaths reported from yellow fever for the last twenty-four hours, ending at 6 o'clock night, foots up sixteen. Seven of them died within the city.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—A great deal of regret is felt here at the death of Lieutenant Baker, who had command of Governor Shepherd's relief boat. He volunteered very readily to accompany the steamer, and when inquiries were made as to his physical condition, he insisted that by his long service in the South he was acclimated. He was not a graduate of Point, but served through the war as a private and company officer in the Eighteenth Illinois Infantry, being mustered out as captain. President Grant appointed him to a Second Lieutenant. Governor Shepherd, with the approval of the Secretary of War, has telegraphed Lieutenant Baker to take the steamer to St. Louis and remain in quarantine.

WHAT THEY MEAN.

The True Interpretation of the Cipher Dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—The Hon. George G. Gorham, Secretary of the Senate, and also Secretary of the Republican Congressional Committee, has some very positive views on the subject of the disclosures made by the Tribune. Gorham said: "I have not had time to read the whole mass of dispatches, but the summary and editorial of the Tribune, being taken as an index to the long columns of dispatches, prove conclusively what has always been charged, that the Democratic party does not mean that any more elections shall be held in this country. Certain forms may be observed, points opened, opponents allowed to vote in not too great numbers, and indeed, to vote their whole numbers, if the result can be afterwards managed by felons practiced in the art of manipulating the ballot-boxes, poll lists, and returns. The South Carolina Democracy are adopting a better method this year by suppressing the vote of the opposition. With Grant as President and Cameron as Secretary of War, and with no posse-comitatus clause in the statutes, Tilden's friends had a most difficult task in 1876. Charges of fraud of the Republicans are letters of a convicted felon addressed to the Judge who is passing sentence upon him. Certainly the Tribune exposure put an end to the comedy that was being performed by the Potter Committee. The Tribune has done more work than the Potter Committee has in the unearthing of fraud. I think that Tilden's rivals for the next Democratic nomination will certainly see to it that their immoderate organization is shamed of his previous loss, and that the great reformer is read out of the party so far as they can accomplish it."

ENGINEERS.

Meeting of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 17.—The proceedings of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers are secret, and the Secretary says nothing was done today other than routine business. One hundred and three divisions are represented by delegates, seventy by proxy and forty-two are unrepresented. The Brotherhood will remain in session for a week, as many matters of importance must be attended to.

Tilden says he knew nothing about the cipher dispatches until he saw them in the New York Tribune. Will Samuel rise and explain how four hundred cipher messages could be received at and sent from No. 15 Gramercy Park, his residence, without his knowledge or consent?

NATIONAL HONOR.

Senator Kirkwood on the Financial Question.

A Masterly Argument in Favor of Honest Money.

Exhaustive Review of the Republican Financial Policy.

National Honesty Indispensable to Public Prosperity.

The Substance and Shadow of a Dollar Considered.

The Senator Knocks the Bottom Completely out of the Fiat Foolishness.

[CONCLUDED.]

Our Greenback friends demand the destruction of our national banking system. They say the system operates to the benefit of the capitalist and to the injury of the people. Is this true? Certainly we never heard of a banking circulation as good as that of the National bank. No man who takes a National bank bill cares to know by what bank it is issued, or even in what State it is issued. The note issued in Oregon, or Maine, or Florida, or Texas is as good as one issued in New York city, because all are equally and perfectly secure. When we had the old system under the State laws, this was not so, and every man handling money was compelled to study the detector; and I think did study it more carefully than he did his bible. But it is said that National banking is unduly profitable to those engaged in it. I was a stockholder and director in a National bank in Iowa City, where I resided for some twelve or thirteen years, and think I understand the workings and profits of the system. The stockholders of that bank some three years ago, after as careful and deliberate an examination of the subject as they were capable of giving to it, abandoned their organization and wound up the bank, for the simple reason that they were satisfied they could do better with their money.

During the period following the war when times were what we called good, that is, when we were borrowing money and expending it, banking, like everything else, was profitable. But to-day, and for the future, money can be used otherwise than in banking with greater profit. It is easy to calculate this matter. If a number of us have one hundred thousand dollars we wish to invest for its interest we can, I think, so invest it as to yield us ten per cent interest, making ten thousand dollars a year. Less than that, but that, for the simple reason that by putting it into a National bank? If we decide to try banking what must we do? We gather together our hundred thousand dollars in coin, and with it buy one hundred thousand dollars of four per cent bonds. We may get five or six instead of four, but if we do we get a premium upon them, and therefore I take four per cent which can be bought at their face value. We take our bonds to the treasurer of the United States and deliver them to him and he locks them up in the vaults of the United States treasury. For what purpose are they thus disposed of? Simply as security that whatever notes the bank may issue shall be certainly paid in full. Having received our bonds the proper officer prepares and delivers to us ninety thousand dollars of unsigned notes of our bank, to be signed by our President and cashier and put into circulation. Why does the Government prepare these notes for delivery to us? Mainly suppose that the Government is itself in some way bound for the payment of the notes. This is not so; they are simply notes of the bank, and all the government has to do with them is to hold the securities that we have deposited, so that in case of failure, those securities are sold and the notes redeemed, so that no man shall suffer loss.

The reason why the Government engraves the plate from which the notes are printed and prints them for delivery is this: Under the old system of banking, bankers had their own bank note plates engraved and had notes printed from them by the engravers, and it sometimes happened that bankers procured the printing of more notes than they were authorized by law to circulate. To avoid this the Government has the engraving done and makes the banker pay for it; does the printing upon it and makes the banker pay for it; and it retains in its possession the engraved plates, so that by no possibility can the banker put in circulation more notes than he is authorized to do by law.

Well, the proper officers deliver to us for our hundred thousand dollars of bonds, ninety thousand dollars of these blank notes; we bring them home and have them properly signed and ready to put them in circulation. Now, as I have said, if we hadn't gone into banking our hundred thousand dollars of money would yield us ten thousand dollars of interest. What do we derive from our organization as a bank? Our Greenback friends tell us we put into circulation our ninety thousand dollars of notes and draw ten per cent on that, making nine thousand dollars, and also receive the interest upon our bonds, four thousand dollars, which added together make thirteen thousand dollars, a bonus, as they say, of three thousand dollars to the bankers over and above what they would have received if they had loaned their money as individuals. Is the calculation correct? We must remember that National bank notes are not legal tender in the payment of debts. If I owe one of you one hundred dollars and tender to you in payment National bank bills, you need not receive them as payment. All National banks are required at all times to redeem their notes in greenbacks or coin. They are required to redeem not only over their counter, as was done under the old State banking laws, but are also required to redeem at the Treasury of the United States.

Now, no prudent banker will feel safe without retaining in his vaults and at the Treasury of the United States for redemption purposes, less than twenty per cent of his circulation in legal tender. To get that legal tender he must either exchange his own notes for it or borrow it. In either case he does not receive any interest on the reserve. Now, twenty per cent of ninety thousand dollars is eighteen thousand dollars, and that taken from the ninety thousand dollars of notes received for circulation leaves to be loaned seventy-two thousand dollars, ten per cent interest on which is seven thousand two hundred dollars.

Upon stating the matter thus to our Greenback friends, they are compelled in candor to admit the correctness of this statement. Before considering the statement ended, they can figure up the result thus: Ten per cent interest on seventy-two thousand is seven thousand two hundred; four per cent on the hundred thousand bonds is four thousand; making eleven thousand two hundred dollars profit to the banker instead of ten thousand dol-

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OUR CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES by the yard

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HATS and CAPS. We don't Side Track for any one in that Line. Don't Forget the Place.

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Sugars, Teas, Coffees &c

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FRESH OYSTERS!

I am now receiving daily, by Express, from Baltimore, the celebrated Standard Brand

Diamond Oysters!

And am Retailing them at 35c per Can, a Liberal Discount in Quantities and to the Trade.

Produce Wanted!

I pay the Highest Market Price in Cash for Trade for Potatoes, Butter, Poultry, &c, &c.

Remember the place to sell Produce at Good Prices and buy Groceries Cheap, is at my store, Yours, Respectfully, W. L. VANKIRK.

Look at This

CHUNKIRO TEA!

Our Great Specialty. Direct Importation. Growth of 1878!

A natural Leaf Black Tea with a Green Tea Flavor. Get it of Peterson, People's Tea Co., 41 East Milwaukee street, Opera House Block.

FOR Constables' Accounts with Rock County

AT GAZETTE OFFICE.

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AT GAZETTE OFFICE.

Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.
Trains at Janesville station.
From Milwaukee, Milwaukee & East, 8:30 a. m.
From Madison, Madison & East, 10:10 a. m.
From Chicago, Chicago & East, 12:10 p. m.
From Chicago, Chicago & East, 1:30 p. m.
From Chicago, Chicago & East, 3:30 p. m.
From Chicago, Chicago & East, 5:30 p. m.
From Chicago, Chicago & East, 7:30 p. m.
From Chicago, Chicago & East, 9:30 p. m.

For Chicago, Milwaukee & East.
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whom he knew would control the opinion of the others.

Sherman Denies It.
General Sherman, interviewed by a reporter of the Philadelphia Press, says the story of a family difference in regard to his son, who became a Jesuit, is the sheerest nonsense. Mrs. Sherman, he says, regarded her son's course with disfavor, but neither urged him to enter the church, nor discouraged him. As for himself, he had planned to make a lawyer of Tom, and had tried to bring him up under Protestant influences, when his exceptionally strong religious tendencies began to crop out. He sent him to Yale College, but all in vain. His chief motive in going to St. Louis was to get his son established as a lawyer, but having failed in this, the chief object of his removal was thwarted, and he should return to Washington.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SWEET JACKSON'S BEST
Awarded highest prize at Centennial Exposition for chewing quality and excellent taste. The best ever made. As our goods are made in the United States, we are entitled to the highest praise. Sold by all dealers. Sent for sample, 10¢. C. A. JACKSON & CO., Milwaukee, Wis.

PIANOS AND ORGANS AT FACTORY
Reduced to close out present stock of 200 New and Second-hand instruments of first-class make, fully warranted, and at prices that defy competition. For cash or installment. AGENTS WANTED FOR THE SUPERIOR BELL ORGANS AND PIANOS. Illustrated Catalogues mailed. H. H. WATERS & SONS, Manufacturers and Dealers, 40 East Main St., N. Y. Also General Agents for SHONINGER'S Celebrated ORGANS.

FOR A DAY TO Agents canvassing for the Fire-Insurance Co. of America. Terms and details, Free. Address: P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

50 Mixed Cards, with name, by 10 Cts.
Small, S. B. ARCHER, Troy, 10 Cts.

25 Fancy Cards, with name, 10¢, plain or gold. Agents' outfit, 10¢. 150 styles, all at 10¢. Hudson, N. Y.

25 Chromo Cards, Cupids, Motions, Flowers, etc. No sale, with name, 10¢. N. Y. Card Co., Nassau, N. Y.

TO ADVERTISERS
Geo. P. Rowell & Co's
SELECT LIST OF
LOCAL NEWSPAPERS!

Many persons suppose this list to be composed of cheaply priced newspapers. The fact is quite otherwise. The Catalogue states exactly what the papers are. When the name of a paper is printed in this list, it is in every instance the BEST paper in the place. When printed in CAPITALS it is the ONLY paper in the place. No paper printed in Roman letters is better than the best not only paper, but usually a very good one, notwithstanding. The list gives the population of every town and the circulation of every paper. IT IS NOT A CO-OPERATIVE LIST. IT IS NOT A CHECK LIST. At the foot of the Catalogue for each State the important towns which are not covered by the list are enumerated. IT IS AN HONEST LIST. The rates charged for advertising are barely one-third of the publishers' schedule. The price for one inch four weeks in the entire list is \$63. The regular rates of the papers for the same space and time are \$136.25. The list includes 970 newspapers, of which 163 are DAILY and 807 WEEKLY. They are located in 845 different cities and towns, of which 22 are State Capitals, 388 places of over 5,000 population, and 444 County Seats. LISTS SENT ON APPLICATION. Address: GEO. P. ROWELL & CO'S NEWSPAPER LIST, 10 SPRUCE ST., (Printing House Sq.), N. Y.

20 Chromo Cards (perfect beauties) with name, 10¢. Outfit, 10¢. Turner Card Co., Ashland, Mass.

NEW GOODS
-FOR-
Fall Trade!
The Fall style of
Foreign and Domestic Cloths
GENTS
Casimeres, Overcoatings, Suitings, Pantings
Furnishing Goods
HATS and CAPS,
BAGS, TRUNKS &c. &c.
Just placed upon my counters
WERE NEVER MORE COMPLETE
-IN-
Style, Quality and Price!
My success lies in being a practical Tailor, and I guarantee to give you the best of all goods, and fair dealing, call at my warehouse.

J. L. FORD.
CUT TO ORDER. PRICE 30 CENTS.
Sent by mail.

SHIRT PATTERNS
CUT TO ORDER. PRICE 30 CENTS.
Sent by mail.

FLOUR, FEED, ETC.
JAMES CLARK & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Choice Patent Corn, Extra Minnesota
Wheat Flour.
Buckwheat Flour, Bran, Feed, &c. All Flour
Warranted to give satisfaction.

FLOUR MILLS ON RACE - J. J. HODSON.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Pearl White Patent, Hodson's Best,
From Old and New Minnesota Wheat. Delivery
to all parts of the City.

WINE HOUSE.
L. WYLER, Proprietor.
E. MILWAUKEE ST. - J. J. HODSON.
DEALER IN
Wine and Wholesale and Retail Agent
for Best Milwaukee Bottled Ale.
Opposite the Myers House.

DRUGGIST.
A. J. ROBERTS.
E. MILWAUKEE ST. - J. J. HODSON.
DEALER IN
All kinds of Drugs, Medicines, &c.
Also, Boecher's German Syrup and Green's August Flower always on hand.

WINGATE'S
FOR
BLANKS!
Constables' Accounts with Rock County
AT GAZETTE OFFICE.
my14dew

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JANESVILLE.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

HARNESS, BLANKETS, ETC.
W. M. SADDLER.
MAIN ST. - NEAR GAZETTE OFFICE.
A Large Stock of Harness on Hand at
Bottom Prices.

HAIR GOODS.
MRS. W. M. SADDLER.
MAIN ST. - NEAR GAZETTE OFFICE.
Manufacturer and Dealer in
All kinds of Human Hair Goods.

BOOTS & SHOES.
MYER & EVENSON.
N. MAIN ST. - J. J. HODSON.

Boot & Shoe Makers.
C. MINER.
NO. 35 MAIN ST. - J. J. HODSON.

**MANUFACTURER AND
Dealer in Boots & Shoes.**
Constantly on hand, the Largest, Cheapest, and
Best Selected Stock in Southern Wisconsin. Every
one in want of anything in this line, are in-
vited to call, and examine goods and prices.

TRULSON & PETERSON.
36 N. MAIN ST. - J. J. HODSON.

**DEALERS IN
Boots, Shoes, and Rubbers for Fall and
Winter Wear.**
From 25 to 50 per cent Below Old Rates; of the
Best Quality; their Custom Department is always
well supplied; Repairing Neatly Done.

GROCERIES.
JOHN H. MYERS.
N. MAIN ST. - J. J. HODSON.

**DEALER IN
Groceries and Provisions.**
Green, Dried and Canned Fruits, Tobacco and
Cigars.
Fresh Fish and Mallory Oysters always on hand.

ESTABLISHED 1838.
C. B. CONRAD.
NO. 5 MAIN ST. - J. J. HODSON.

**DEALER IN
Staple and Fancy Groceries.**
And a fine assortment of goods generally found
in a first-class store. Also wholesale and retail
dealer in Cigars.

GILES FISHER.
S. MAIN ST. - J. J. HODSON.

**New Grocery House, Does Business on
the Square.**
Keeps a Full Line of Fresh Goods at all times.
Call and see him.

HARDWARE.
JOHN GRIFFITHS.
W. MILWAUKEE ST. - J. J. HODSON.

**DEALER IN
Shell and Heavy Hardware, Stoves,
Tinware, Cutlery.**
Wood Work for Buggies and Wagons, Coal and
Wood Stoves, &c.

W. S. BENNETT & CO.
W. MILWAUKEE ST. - J. J. HODSON.

**DEALERS IN
Hardware, Tinware and Woodware.**
All kinds of Carpenters' Hardware; Wood,
Pumps, Barbed Wire, and the Finest Cook
and Heating Stoves ever offered for sale in the Coun-
ty. All kinds of Job Work done to Order.

FURNITURE.
H. HANSON & CO.
J. J. HODSON.

**WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Fine Furniture, and Bedroom Sets.**
Down to hard-pan prices. Upholstering done at
lowest living rates. For genuine bargains, good
goods, and fair dealing, call at their warehouse.

W. H. ANSCRAFT.
NO. 22, W. MILWAUKEE ST. - J. J. HODSON.

**MANUFACTURER AND
Dealer in All kinds of Furniture.**
At Lowest Cash Prices. Special attention paid
to Undertaking.

L. B. CUTTING, Proprietor.
64 W. MILWAUKEE ST. - J. J. HODSON.

New Furniture Rooms.
Keeps a Full Line of all kinds of Furniture at
Lowest Living Prices. Undertaking a
Specialty.

BRITTON & KIMBALL.
W. MILWAUKEE ST. - J. J. HODSON.

**DEALERS IN
Fine Furniture, and Practical Under-
takers.**
12 Years' Experience. Prices of all Goods Very
Reasonable.

FLOUR, FEED, ETC.
JAMES CLARK & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Choice Patent Corn, Extra Minnesota
Wheat Flour.

**MANUFACTURERS OF
Buckwheat Flour, Bran, Feed, &c. All Flour
Warranted to give satisfaction.**

JANESVILLE BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

STONE MILLS.

NOTES ON PROPERTIES.
Office at Corner of Franklin & West Milwaukee Street, Corn Exchange.
Where is kept the following brands of flour:
Choice Patent Flour, Best Minnesota
Wheat Flour, and Rolled Flour.
Made without the use of Mill Stone; also all kinds of feed; Good Flour exchanged for Good Wheat; Cash paid for Wheat.

INSURANCE.

Life & Fire Insurance, & Real Estate
Headquarters of
H. M. HART.
Over \$100,000,000 of Insurance Capital Represented.
Office Second Floor of No. 40 North Main Street, Hart & Holdridge Block, Janesville, Wisconsin.

COLLECTION AGENCY.

H. H. BLANCHARD'S
OFFICE ON MAIN ST., - - - JANESVILLE.
(Over M. C. Smith & Son's Clothing Store)
Law, Collection, Real Estate and Loan Office.
Special attention given to collections, and to the foreclosure of mortgages. All business entrusted to his care promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed in all cases.

JEWELRY & SILVERWARE.

WEBB & HALL.

LAPPIN'S BLOCK, - - - JANESVILLE
DEALERS IN
Watches, Jewelry, and Silverware.

LUMBER, WINDOWS & DOORS.

D. E. FIFIELD & BROS.

RIVER ST., - - - JANESVILLE.
Pioneer Yard.
Dealers in Lumber, Windows, Doors, and all kinds of Building Materials used or kept for Building purposes at Very Low Prices.

GUNS AND AMMUNITION.

J. R. KYLE.

N. MAIN ST., - - - JANESVILLE
DEALER IN
Breech and Muzzle Loading Guns and Revolvers.
Also a Full Line of Sporting Goods always on hand at bottom prices. Money to loan on collateral.

WIND MILLS, REPAIRING, & C.

E. CALF.

NO. 6 FRANKLIN ST., - - - JANESVILLE
Stencils, Cutters, Lock Smith, &c.
Has equipped the agency of the Evansville Motor Wind Mill, second to none; will put up a ten foot wheel, with pump, and pipe complete for well, 100 feet deep for \$75. A good guarantee given; also new Rubber Rolls to Clothes Ringers. Cutlery ground, Saws filed, Melodeons and Accordions tuned; Cisterns and Deep Well Pumps.

PAINTING.

ROGERS & HUTCHINSON.

44 E. MILWAUKEE ST., - - - JANESVILLE.
House, Sign and Carriage Painting, Paper-Hanging, Graining, Glazing, Etc.
Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnish, Glass, Putty, Brushes, &c. All work done by hand. We guarantee satisfaction. Country Orders promptly attended to.

BOOKS & STATIONERY.

H. W. KING.

NEXT TO POST OFFICE - - - JANESVILLE
Book and Newspaper Dealer.

LIVERY STABLE.

N. FREDERICKS, Proprietor.

W. MILWAUKEE ST., - - - JANESVILLE
(Near the Davis House.)
First Class Livery.
Particular Attention Paid to the Furnishing of Horses and Carriages for Funerals.

MARBLE WORKS.

J. TUCKWOOD.

NO. 2 N. JACKSON ST., - - - JANESVILLE
DEALER IN
Marble and Limestone, Monuments, Tombs, &c.

ART GALLERIES.

W. A. HAND & CO.

(Successors to B. F. Green.)
V. MILWAUKEE ST., - - - JANESVILLE.
Photograph Gallery.
For many years past a permanent institution. Work Warranted Superior to any in the Country.

COAL AND WOOD.

HOOBROOK & ATWOOD.

W. MILWAUKEE ST., - - - JANESVILLE.
DEALERS IN
Coal, Wood, Brick, Water Lime, Quick Lime, Plastering Hair and Sewing Pipe.

HARTPENTER & GOWDEY.

OFFICE CORNER OF ACADEMY AND RACE STREETS, JANESVILLE.
Near Milwaukee & St. Paul Freight Depot.
Before Buying Fuel Elsewhere, Call on
HARTPENTER & GOWDEY, who will endeavor to give satisfaction in every respect. Orders will receive prompt attention.

BUGGIES, CARRIAGES, ETC.

S. L. JAMES.

S. MAIN ST., - - - JANESVILLE
Hailo, there! Where are you going? I am going to S. L. James to buy me a Top Buggy. He is selling a Good Leather Trimmed Buggy for \$100. Also the Corliand Platform Wagon for \$95.00; and Lumber Wagon, with T. P. Box Seat and Whiffletree for \$55, and upwards; and all work warranted as represented.

BARBER SHOP & BATH ROOMS.

HARRY ANDERSON.

N. MAIN ST., - - - JANESVILLE.
Tomborial Parlor and Bathing Rooms.
Warm and cold baths at all hours. Anderson's Bandoline, the Finest Hair Dressing in use, only 50 cents per Bottle.

OLD BOWER CITY MILL.

C. RAYMOND, Proprietor.

MILL ON THE RACE, - - - JANESVILLE
Does General Custom Grinding of all Kinds on Short Notice
And in the Best of Shape.

MERCHANT TAILORING.

W. C. HOLMES.

W. MILWAUKEE ST., - - - OFF. POST OFFICE,
Tailor and Draper; a Full Line of Fine Cloths Always on Hand.
Will be made to order in the best of style, at the lowest possible prices. We do good work.

THE GAZETTE.

NATIONAL HONOR.

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

money at low rates of interest as any nation except the British. This looks encouraging. What is the outlook in other directions. If the farmer year by year is buying more than he sells we think he is going backward. On the other hand, if year by year he sells more than he buys he is going forward. Now, we have the means of knowing just what our nation is doing in this way. Our custom houses give us absolutely correct information on this point. When a ship leaves one of our ports laden with our produce for a foreign market, it is compelled to report to the customs officer at the port from which it clears, a statement of its entire cargo. When a vessel enters one of our ports laden with foreign products it is also compelled to furnish to the customs house at the port a statement of its cargo. And thus we are enabled to know exactly how much we buy. Now during the year following the war down until 1873-1875, we were buying more than we were selling. During that period we were running into debt, and spending the borrowed money. During the last three years this condition of things has materially changed. During those years of low prices we have sold nearly five hundred millions more than we bought. This does not look as if we were becoming poor and approaching bankruptcy.

What is the true inwardness, or real meaning of this Greenback movement? What do the leaders intend by it? Two things in my judgment. They mean to win support by exciting envy and jealousy of those whom they call poor against those whom they call capitalists, shysters, and bond-brokers, and to teach that it is not only justifiable, but commendable to plunder those whom they call rich because they are rich. Can the farmers of Iowa afford to teach and strengthen this idea? If, with your help they shall succeed in taking from the money capitalists that which is justly his because he has more of the world's goods, how do you know that when that shall have been accomplished by your aid, the same arguments that led to this result to the capitalist will not be brought to bear upon you and your possessions. You must remember that the capitalists are not only capitalists as well as money holders, but they are also bondholders, and if it is legitimate to take from the money capitalist a portion of his capital, because he has more than is necessary to afford him a living, why is it not legitimate to take from the land capitalist all that he has over and above what is necessary for his living? These men insist that the good God gave to all His children, and for the benefit of all His children certain things—the sunlight, the atmosphere we breathe, and the earth, which was designed to be a common heritage for all His children. Now, forty acres of our Iowa lands will furnish all necessities for an ordinary family. Many of you own more than that amount of land; you have acquired it by your industry, your frugality and your enterprise; but many do not own any land. Now if it be proper to take from the bondholder that which he has in excess of what his necessities require, and you and I in doing it, how can you resist when the time comes—and if this thing succeeds it will come—and if you shall be called upon to surrender to those who have no land the excess of your present possessions beyond the forty acres necessary for your support? You should thank this matter over carefully and see whether these men in appearing before you now to add them in despoiling others are not laying a foundation upon which they can stand with assurance when the time shall come to make an attack upon you.

They also mean the repudiation of our national debt. What security have holders of our debt for its ultimate payment? Nothing but the honor and good faith of our people. A national debt is simply a debt of honor; its payment cannot be enforced like a debt between individuals. If other people should say to you, they will not pay your present debt, but must remain unpaid. Foreign governments to whose citizens some of this debt is owing, might justifiably make our refusal to pay it a cause of war, but for our home creditors there is no such reason.

Now can we afford, taking a mere mercenary view of the matter, to repudiate the debt either by saying that we will not pay it, or by compelling our creditors to accept for it worthless fiat dollars. What enabled us to borrow the money in the time of our sore need? It was because our fathers from whom we received our Government, with all the blessings that flow from it, gave to us with its honor untarnished and untainted. Having that honor to pledge we went into the money markets of the world in our hour of peril and pledged it for the payment of the money we borrowed to preserve our government. The time is very near to when that money is due, and the time is near to when we are distant to many of us, when we shall have passed away and been forgotten. And the land running about our streets will stand in our places. It seems to be an ordering of God's providence, doubtless for wise ends, that wars shall come to all nations, and as history shows that wars have been coming since the world began, and that we have had the revolutionary war, the war of 1812, the Mexican war, and the war of the rebellion. All within a hundred years. The history of our nation in this regard is the history of every nation that has a history. Judging from the past we must expect that wars will come after we will be exempted from the trials that we and our forefathers have had, and now, in the future, those who shall soon take our places shall find their Government involved in a great war, they will be compelled to do as we were compelled to do, to borrow money in the markets of the world to carry on that war, for no nation can raise by taxation during a great war the means necessary to carry it on.

Shall we then leave our children in as good position when the time of trial shall come as our fathers left us? Shall we leave to them the same pledge that we have received from our fathers, that we will not borrow money and save our nation's life? Or shall we so taint and tarnish that pledge that when they seek to use it they shall find it worthless? If we shall do the latter will they and should they, honor our memory? During our late struggle we went to Holland and Germany to borrow money upon the credit of the nation. He will state to the children of the men who loaned us money that they have a population of seventy-five or a hundred millions of people, enterprising and energetic; they have need of money to enable them to maintain a great war; but their people are rich and redemption will be sure. The men to whom money was loaned will ensure that when their country did not have in our day a great war? Whether we did not borrow immense sums of money to enable us to carry on that war? And whether we honestly paid the debt we incurred? And the envoy of that day from our country will be compelled to say, either that

we repudiated the debt by absolute refusal to pay it, or that we attempted its payment in worthless money.
I can imagine the son of the honest Dutchman whose father had cheated, replying to the envoy of that day who says to him for money. He will say, "Your father cheated my father. I remember in that day you had in your country a man named Ingersoll who entertained peculiar views on religious subjects, and I want to see you and your country in that place. I will send you a dollar. [Loud applause.]

VEGETINE

REV. J. P. LUDLOW, WRITES:

175 BALTIMORE STREET, BROOKLYN, N. Y.
Nov. 14, 1874
Dear Sir, - From personal benefit received by its use, as well as from personal knowledge of those whose cases thereby have seemed almost miraculous, I can most heartily and sincerely recommend the Vegetine for the complaints which it is claimed to cure.
Yours respectfully,
JAMES P. LUDLOW,
Late Pastor Calvary Baptist Church, Sacramento, Cal.

VEGETINE

SHE RESTS WELL.

SOUTH POLAND, ME., Oct. 11, 1876.

H. R. STEVENS:-
Dear Sir, - I have been sick two years with the liver complaint, and during that time have taken a great many different medicines, but none of them did me any good. I was restless nights, and had no appetite; since taking the Vegetine I rest well and relish my food; can recommend the Vegetine for what it has done for me.
Yours respectfully,
Miss ALBERT RICKER,
Witness of the above.
MR. GEORGE M. VAUGHAN,
Medford, Mass.

VEGETINE

GOOD FOR THE CHILDREN.

BOSTON, MASS., April 1876.

H. R. STEVENS:-
Dear Sir, - We feel that the children in our home have been greatly benefited by the Vegetine you have so kindly given us from time to time, especially those troubled with the Scrofula.
With respect,
Miss N. WORMELL, Matron.

VEGETINE

REV. O. T. WALKER, SAYS:

PROVIDENCE, R. I., 104 TRANSIT STREET

H. R. STEVENS, Esq.,
I feel bound to express with my signature the high value I place upon your Vegetine. My family have used it for the last two years; in nervous debility it is a valuable remedy, and I can heartily recommend it to all who may need an invigorating, renovating tonic.
O. T. WALKER,
Formerly Pastor of Bowdoin-square Church, Boston.

VEGETINE

NOTHING EQUAL TO IT.

SOUTH SALEM, MASS., NOV. 11, 1876.

H. R. STEVENS:-
Dear Sir, - I have been troubled with Scrofula, Cancer, and Liver Complaint for three years; nothing ever relieved me but your Vegetine. I am now getting along first rate, and still using the Vegetine; I consider there is nothing equal to it for such complaints. Can heartily recommend it to everybody.
Yours truly,
Mrs. LIZZIE M. PACKARD,
No. 15 Lagrange Street, South Salem, Mass.

VEGETINE.

RECOMMEND IT HEARTILY.

SOUTH BOSTON

MR. STEVENS:-
Dear Sir, - I have taken several bottles of your Vegetine, and am convinced it is a valuable remedy for Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaint, and the general debility of the system. I can heartily recommend it to all sufferers from the above complaints.
Yours respectfully,
Mrs. MUNICE PARKER.

VEGETINE.

Prepared by

H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.

Dr. V. CLARENCE PRICE

H. A. S.

Visited Janesville

EIGHTEEN YEARS.

HAS met with unparalleled success in the

treatment of all

Chronic Diseases

-OF THE-

THROAT,

LUNGS,

HEART,

STOMACH,

LIVER.

Head, nerves, kidneys, bladder, womb, and blood affections; the urinary system, rheumatism, catarrh, asthma, bronchitis, dyspepsia, &c.
Dr. Price's reputation has been acquired by candid, honest dealing and years of successful practice.
His practice is not one of experiment, but founded on the laws of Nature, with years of experience and evidence to sustain it, does not tear down, make sick to make well; but has a treatment, no tritum, no flattery. We know the cause and the remedy needed; no guess work, but knowledge gained by years of experience in the treatment of chronic diseases exclusively; no encouragement without a prospect. Cautious in our opinions, reasonable in our charges, we do not know of anything, or cure everybody, but do lay claim to reason and common sense. We invite the sick, no matter what their ailment, to call and investigate before they abandon hope, make intercessions and decide for themselves; it will cost nothing as consultation is free. Visits made regularly.

DR. V. CLARENCE PRICE

Can be consulted at JANESVILLE, MYERS 101 E. Second and Sunday, the 19th and 20th of October, 1876.
Patients will address all letters to Dr. V. Clarence Price, Waukegan, Ill., with stamp.
Jan1876

F. A. BENNETT'S

WORKS.

Marble

Twenty-Five per cent. Saved

by trading with

F. A. BENNETT

Truly

Janesville, Wis.

BARNES & HODSON'S

—OLD—

Minnesota Wheat Flour,

—THE—

BEST IN THE MARKET!

117 W

Look At This PRICE LIST!

ALL WOOL SUITS,

At \$25.00, \$40.00, \$5.00, and upwards.

BOY'S SUITS, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00 and Upwards.

YOUTH'S SUITS, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50, and upwards.

OVERCOATS AT \$2.25 EACH.

FINE CRINCHILLA OVERCOATS, \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50 and Upwards.

At \$3.50, and upwards.

OVERALLS, at 25, 35, and 50 cents.

Silk Handkerchiefs at 25 and 50c

WOOLEN UNDERSHIRTS and DRAWERS AT 25 CENTS.

Call and see us.

A. & P. SONNEBORN.

Star Clothing House, Janesville, Wis.

Stoves Stoves

I have the Finest Display of both

Ever shown to the people of Rock County.

Conceded to be the Most Elegant and Highly

Finished Base Burner Stove Yet Produced.

GOLDEN STAR and the ARGAND!

The reputation of the Argand placed at the head of the list of Successful Base Burners, and the price on it this year beats them all.

FAVORITE COOK STOVES.

GOLD COIN RANGES, all at prices that are surprisingly low.

G. M. HANCHETT.

I Want Every Family

IN ROCK COUNTY

TO HAVE ONE OF MY NEW BOOKS!

100 Pages with New Receipts for Cooking, Dyeing, Painting, and a Large Number of Toilet and Miscellaneous Receipts.

A Book Well Worth One Dollar,

BUT WHICH

I Will Give a Copy Free to Any One at My Store,

Or will send to any address on receipt of a 3 cent stamp for postage.

E. B. HEINSTRICK, Druggist, Janesville, Wis.

FALL CAMPAIGN JUST COMMENCED!

McCLERNAN & CO.

SELL GOODS CHEAPER THAN EVER!

We have just received the Largest Stock of Dry Goods that we have ever put into our Store. Therefore we invite our friends and the public in general to call and examine our stock before buying elsewhere. Our Store is completely crowded with goods and in order to get rid of them we will sell the following prices:

PLAIN AND PLAID DRESS GOODS IN BOURETTE AND KNICKERBOCKER

Styles, at 5 and 10c per yard; A Nice Line for 1876. A full line of Black and Colored Alpaca and

Poplins for 15c, sold elsewhere for 25c; The Latest Novelties in Maltese Suitings, worth 37c for 25c.

Worth \$1.25, for \$1.00; Black and Colored English Cashmeres, 31c, sold elsewhere for 50c; Standard Prints 5c per yard.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS!

An Elegant Stock of Pashley, Chenille, Beaver, and Blanket shawls, at reduced prices.

OUR WOOLEN DEPARTMENT

is complete, comprising: Beavers, Waterproofs, Cashmeres, Tweeds, Jeans and Flannels of all shades. An attractive assortment of Belt and Balmoral Skirts, some of which we will sell as low as 50c. Remember notwithstanding the advance in Cotton and Domestic Goods we sell them still at the old prices. Having bought them before the advance, we sell them at 75c, and Table Linens reduced our 50c Corset to a pair. Our Notion Department is replete with the latest Novelties in Hosiery and Hosiery. Silk Hosiery and Hosiery. Ladies' Hemmed Handkerchiefs, for 5c; Silk Handkerchiefs 12c each. A full line of Ladies' and Gent's Underwear, the best value in Town. Gloves and Hosiery, a pair of Gent's Hosiery for 1876. Just think of it! Gent's Overalls and Jackets at 50c. We have added to our Stock an Elegant Line of Ladies' Cloaks and Gowns, which we will sell at the following prices: A Cloak worth \$1.50 for \$1.00; A Cloak worth \$2.00 for \$1.50; A Cloak worth \$3.00 for \$2.00; A Cloak worth \$4.00 for \$3.00.

FURS! FURS! FURS!

We will sell Mink Furs, from \$1.00 to \$6.00 a set less than any other house in the Northwest; Ladies' remember this. We have also a beautiful assortment of Belgin, Lynx, Alaska, Mink, Russian, Lynx and Cooney Furs, at \$2.00 a set less than last year's prices.

Remember the place, 31 Main Street, Myers Block, Janesville, Wis.

McCLERNAN & CO.

TREMONT HOUSE, Chicago,

The "PALACE" Hotel of America.

JEWETT WILCOX, Manager.

JAMES COUCH, Proprietor

The Tremont House, of Chicago, is unsurpassed in all the appointments, luxuries and comforts of a first-class Hotel. Situated in the heart of the business portion of the city, it offers superior inducements to, and is the favorite home of the pleasure seeker, commercial traveler, tourist and business man. Prices have been made to suit the times, ranging from \$3.00 to \$10.00 per day, according to size and location of rooms. Rooms, without board, can be secured at \$1.00 to \$2.00 per day, with one of the finest RESTAURANTS in the West attached to the Hotel.

The undersigned having assumed the management of the Tremont, hopes to welcome there his old friends, acquaintances, and the traveling public generally, and trusts whenever you visit the city you will favor him with a share of your patronage.

Respectfully,
JEWETT WILCOX, Manager.

READ THIS NOTICE

All persons indebted to me for Lumber, bought previous to July 1st, 1876, must pay up before thirty days from this date, or their accounts will be left with M. M. Phelps for collection.

Respectfully,
D. E. FIFIELD.

Notice to Builders!

And those in want of Building Material. We are prepared to sell Doors, Windows, Blinds, Mouldings, and all kinds of Building Paper, in fact everything in the Building Line, below anything ever before offered in this city.

See These Prices.

2-8, 6-8, 12, Clear Doors..... \$1.25

3-6, 6-6 1/2, Clear Doors..... 1.00

3-6, 6-6 1/2, Clear Doors..... 1.00

8-10 Windows, 12 Light, each..... 1.00

9-12 Windows, 12 Light..... 1.25

10-12 Windows, 12 Light..... 1.25

12-16 Windows, 12 Light..... 1.25

Building Paper 3 to 4 Cents Per Pound;

Carpet Felt 3 Cents Per Yard;

Blinds 7 Cents Per Foot.

D. E. FIFIELD & BROS.

Sept. 25th, 1876.

FOR SALE

My residence, with take in exchange a smaller house in East payment. This is a rare chance to get a nice home.

ROYAL WOOD.

Oct 1st

RAILROADS.

C & N W

LINES.

